1	FWP Ammu	nition	ANNEX E-9
FIELD of AMMUNITION		Mine	
NAME		Anti-tank Mine in a Bakelite Body	
TYPE			
NAME/ASSIGNED MARK (original)		PT Mi-Ba III	
COUNTRY of ORIGIN		Czechoslovakia	
	PT M	i-Ba III	
total weight of mine with detonators an safety weight [kg]	d transport	10.8	
explosive type		TNT	
weight of explosive [kg]		8.0	
diameter mine [mm]		330	
side height mine [mm]		78	
maximum height of mine [mm]		110	
diameter disc pressure [mm]		200	
activation weight greater than [kg]		200	
effect of mine - to the width [mm]		900	
mine resistance against overpressure in when covered with soil [MPa]		1.50-	
mine resistance against overpressure in without covered [MPa]	the shock wave	0.75	
type of fuse		Ro-2	
type of additional (anti-lift) fuse		Ro-4	
	PAC	KING	1 100
Number of mines in the crate	2	Weight of full crate [kg]	25
	DESCE	RIPTION	

PT Mî-K II is designed to build explosive anti-tank barriers and roadblocks. Mînes are placed manually (surface or underground), semi-automatic the locations (surface or underground), and low-flying helicopters with slip. It is used to rupture the tank belt and damage the tank chassis.

This mine consists of body (1), bursting charge (10), and pressure disc (2) and fuses (3 and 9).

COLOR and MARKING		
Body colour:	Brown and green	
Text colour:	White	
	FUSE	
Туре	Characteristic	
Ro-2	Central fuse - mechanical, pressure, with immediate effect.	
Ro-4	Anti-lift fuse, trap reliever to ensure against to removal all types of mines with blasting agent of 400 g TNT. Fuse is immediate, Bakelite casing and waterproof.	

SAFETY CONSIDERATION THREAT

Simple removal of mines is very dangerous because of its possible provision anti-lift fuse Ro-3.

NOTICE

Corrosion may weaken the shear pin, making this mine extremely dangerous to handle; it may also make it impossible to remove the fuse from the fuse well. When stored deep mines used metal shell compressed discs due to enlargement of its surface.

